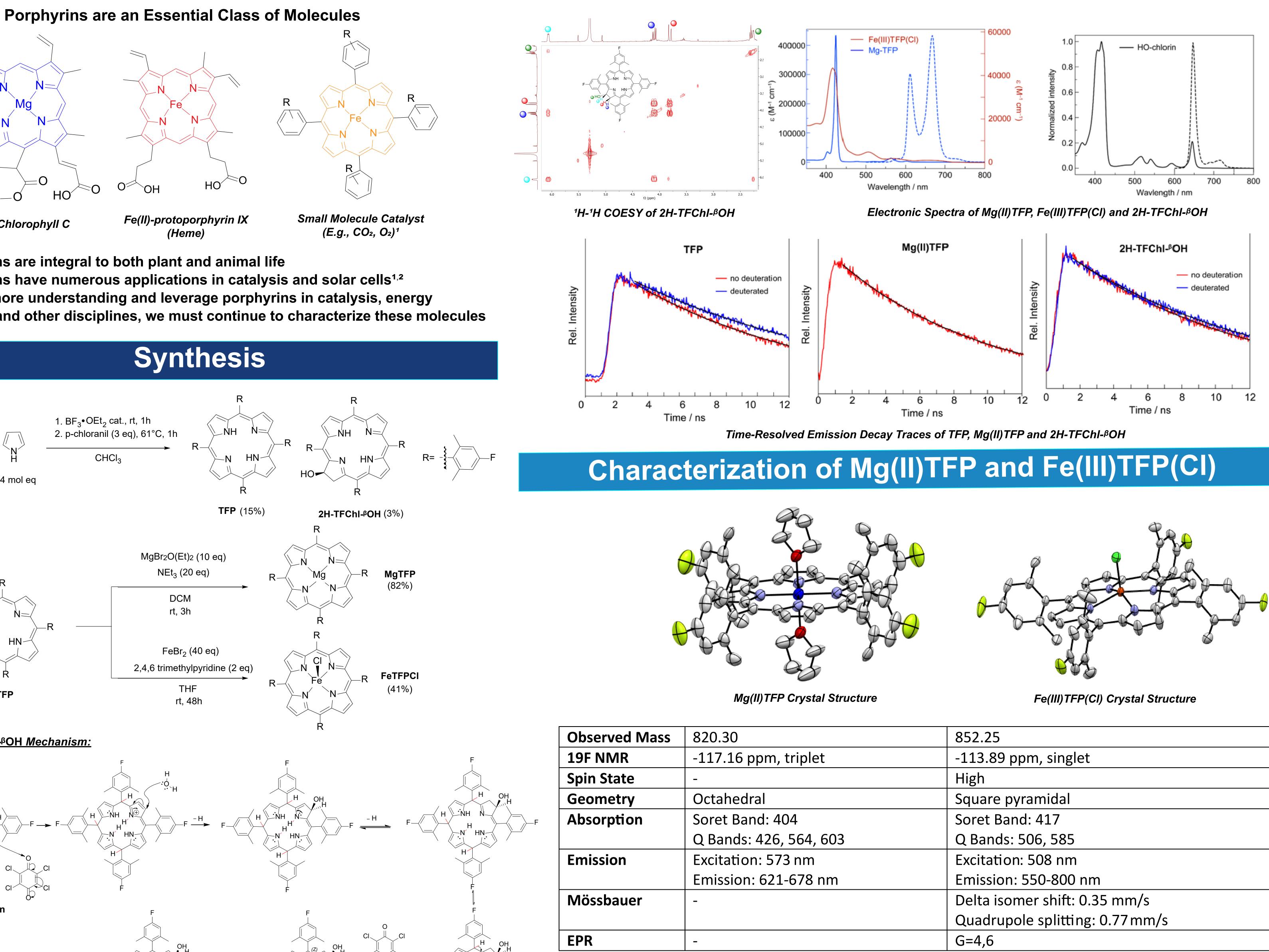
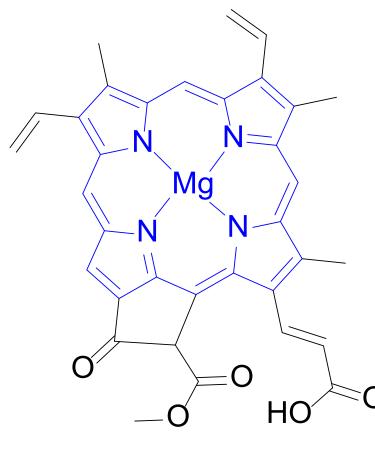
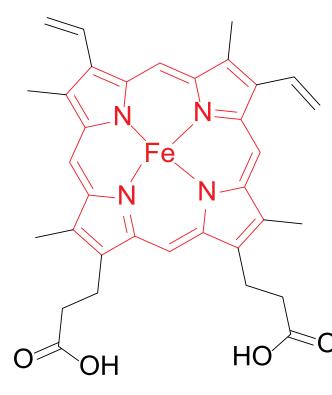


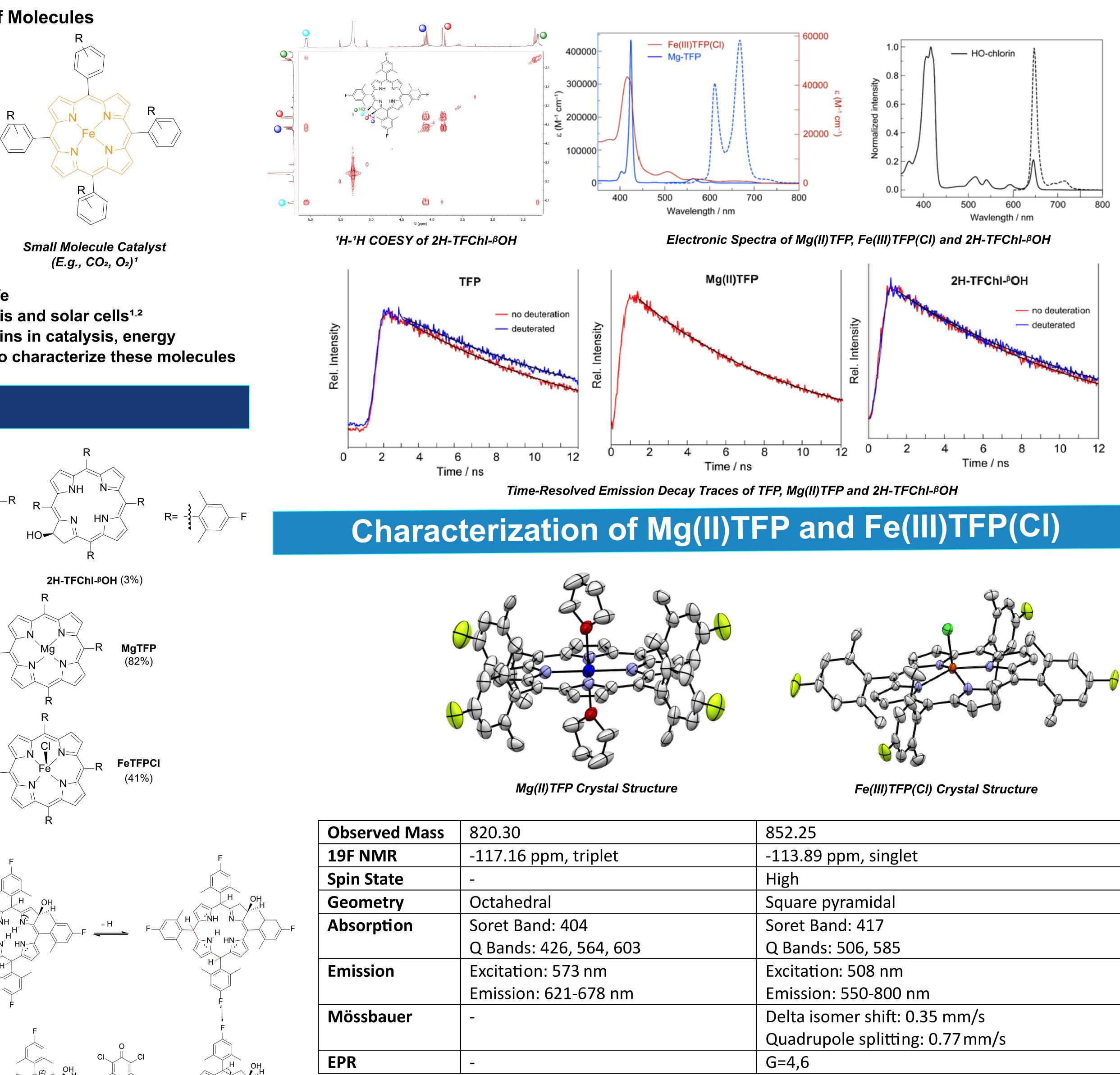
<u>Giovan McKnight, Cierra Brown, Brandon Campbell, Tina Chen, Richard Darkwa, Geena Kim, Danielle Kranchalk,</u> Hannah Lamport, Colin Le, Jenny Lu, Nejc Nagelj, Nikhil Seshadri, Kristopher Reynolds, Shao-Liang Zheng, Dilek Dogutan Department of Chemistry and Chemical Biology, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA

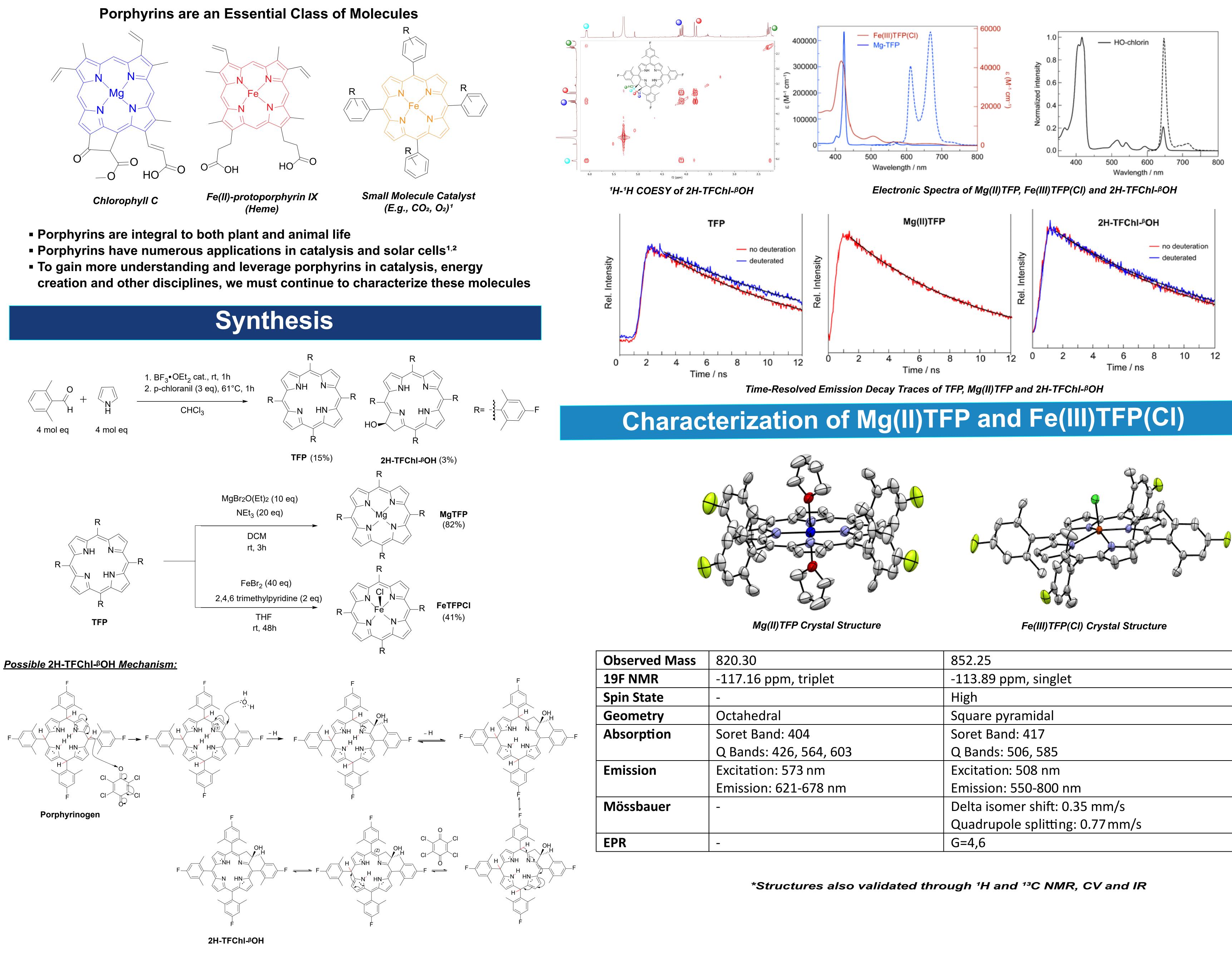
### Introduction







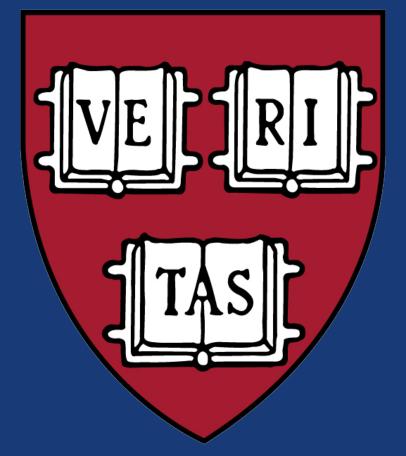




# Fluoro-2,6-Dimethyphenyl Mono-Hydroxychlorin and Porphyrin Congeners

# Characterization of Mono-Hydroxychlorin

852.25
-113.89 ppm, singlet
High
Square pyramidal
Soret Band: 417
Q Bands: 506, 585
Excitation: 508 nm
Emission: 550-800 nm
Delta isomer shift: 0.35 mm/s
Quadrupole splitting: 0.77 mm/s
G=4,6
· · ·



## **Discussion & Future Steps**

- In this study, Mg(II)TFP and Fe(III)TFP(CI) were synthesized in excellent yield and were stable as long as kept away from strong acid
- Mg(II)TFP and Fe(III)TFP(CI) were extensively characterized and crystal structures were obtained for each compound.
- Mono-hydroxychlorin, a relatively rare compound, was also synthesized in the TFP-forming reaction, avoiding the use of harsh reagents such as OsO₄ while still achieving similar known yields
- Mono-hydroxychlorin showed similar excited state electronic effects to the parent porphyrin, suggesting mono-hydroxychlorins could exhibit similar physicochemical activity
- This work warrants further study on whether mono-hydroxychlorins can be leveraged in catalysis in a similar manner to known chlorin compounds
- Porphyrins with unique metal centers should be studied to determine any electronic deviations from Mg(II)TFP and Fe(III)TFP(CI)

# References

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Brown et al. (in press) Fluoro-2-6-dimethylphenyl mono-hydroxychlorin and porphyrin congeners, J. Porph. Phthalocyanines (2023)

# Acknowledgments



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